

# Lecture 3: (Hyper)Properties, Robustness and Property-Preserving Compilers

CS350

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# Properties and Hyperproperties

- Formalise **any** security property
- Established theory with practical applications

## Recommended reading:

- Schneider. 2000. Enforceable security policies.
- Alpern and Schneider. 1985. Defining liveness.
- Clarkson and Schneider. 2010. Hyperproperties.

# Security Properties

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  - program states  $\Theta$
  - component-context interactions  $\alpha? \alpha! \dots$
  - code-environment interaction *read*  $v$ ; *write*  $v$

We use  $t$  abstractly now, though mostly:

$$t = \overline{\Theta}$$

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This is **unlike** program equivalence:

- properties talk **a single** program

# Examples

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NRW: *the program does not send on the network after reading a file*  
 $\vdash read\Theta$  and  $\vdash send\Theta'$  are abstract predicates
- GS:  $\{t \mid \vdash req\Theta_i \Rightarrow \vdash resp\Theta_j \text{ where } j > i\}$   
GS: *the program eventually responds to the requests*

# Safety and Liveness

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- but, Safety = weak secrecy: we don't leak a fresh  $k$  to  $\mathcal{E}$

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- In the following:  $m$  is a finite trace  $t$  (a finite  $\bar{\Theta}$ ) aka a **prefix**
- NRW-dual:  
 $\{m \mid \Theta < \Theta'. \vdash read\Theta \wedge \vdash send\Theta'\}$

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Hyperproperties = sets of *sets of traces*
- capture **multiple runs** (the *sets of traces*) of any program (the sets)

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- high = **secret**, low = **public**
- a set of traces tells **all** the behaviours of the **same** program with different high inputs

NI :

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \{t_1, t_2\} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} \forall t_1, t_2 \in \{t_1, t_2\}. \\ \text{if } \text{inputs}(t_1) =_L \text{inputs}(t_2) \\ \text{then } \text{outputs}(t_1) =_L \text{outputs}(t_2) \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right\}$$

## Example: Average Response Time $< 1$

ART :

$$\left\{ \{t \dots\} \mid \text{mean} \left( \bigcup_{t \in \{t \dots\}} \text{response\_time}(t) \right) < 1 \right\}$$

where `response_time(·)` looks in trace  $t$  and checks time between `req(·)` and `resp(·)`

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So we want our program  $P$  to satisfy NRW, GS, NI or ART:  $\forall \mathcal{C}. \mathcal{C}[P]$ , so  $\Theta = \mathcal{C}[P]$

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Reminiscent of **contextual equivalence**!

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- Contexts can generate property-relevant events now
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- we must **filter** events and consider only those generated by  $P$

# Example: Robust Safety

- $\pi \in \text{Safety}$
- $\vdash_R P : \pi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall \mathfrak{C}. \text{ if } \mathfrak{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t \text{ then } t \in \pi$



# Example: Robust Safety

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- $\vdash_R P : \pi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall \mathfrak{C}. \text{ if } \mathfrak{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t \text{ then } t \in \pi$
- dually:  $\{m\} :: \pi \in \text{Safety}$
- $m \leq t = m$  is a **prefix** of  $t$
- $\vdash_R P : \{m\} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall \mathfrak{C}. \text{ if } \mathfrak{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t \text{ then } \nexists m \in \{m\}.m \leq t$

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- can this hold robustly?
- we need a **fair** context in our setup: a context that will interact with us
- **avoid** DOS: the attacker **wants** to violate our code, not starve it

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**Q:** can we preserve them through compilation?

Yes!



# Robust Compilation

1. specify (hyper)properties on programs through traces

2. specify (hyper)properties on the implementation

## Assumptions:

- same alphabet of traces between **S** and **T** (I/O or syscalls)
- we lift this (partially) later

Q: can

?

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$$RTP : \forall \pi. \forall P. (\forall \mathcal{C} t. \mathcal{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t \Rightarrow t \in \pi) \Rightarrow$$
$$(\forall \mathcal{C} t. \mathcal{C}[[P]] \rightsquigarrow t \Rightarrow t \in \pi)$$

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We want equivalent criteria that are  
easy to prove

## Example: Robust Property Preservation #2

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### Intuition

If any trace in the target is also done in the source, and the source has the property, so does the target.

$$\exists \mathfrak{C}. \mathfrak{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t$$

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$PFRSP : \forall P. \forall \mathcal{C}. \forall m.$

$\mathcal{C}[[P]] \rightsquigarrow m \Rightarrow$

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## Example: Robust Safety Preservation #2

### Intuition

Safety is defined **dually** as a set of bad prefixes

If any prefix done in the target is also done in the source and the source has the safety property, that prefix is not bad, so the target also has the safety property

$$\exists c. c[P] \rightsquigarrow m$$

# Relating RTP and RSP

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$$RHP : \forall H. \forall P. (\forall \mathcal{C}. \text{Behav}(\mathcal{C}[P]) \in H) \Rightarrow (\forall \mathcal{C}. \text{Behav}(\mathcal{C}[[P]]) \in H)$$



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$$PFRHP : \forall P. \forall \mathcal{C}. \exists \mathcal{C}'. \text{Behav}(\mathcal{C}'[[P]]) = \text{Behav}(\mathcal{C}[P])$$

$$PFRHP : \forall P. \forall \mathcal{C}. \exists \mathcal{C}'. \forall t. \mathcal{C}'[[P]] \rightsquigarrow t \iff \mathcal{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t$$

# Spot the 2 Differences

$$PFRTP : \forall P. \forall \mathcal{C}. \forall t. \mathcal{C}[[P]] \rightsquigarrow t \Rightarrow \exists \mathcal{C}. \mathcal{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t$$

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$$PFRTT : \forall P. \forall e. \forall t. e[[P]] \rightsquigarrow t \Rightarrow \exists e. e[P] \rightsquigarrow t$$

$$PFRHT : \forall P. \forall e. \exists e. \forall t. e[[P]] \rightsquigarrow t \iff e[P] \rightsquigarrow t$$

- Quantifier ordering

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- Quantifier ordering
- Implication

# Spot the 2 Differences

## Intuition

- Quantifier ordering: lifts to sets of traces since a  $\mathcal{C}$  in PFRHP works for a set of traces
- Implication: a single implication means refinement, so the target can have more behaviours. Co-implication means no refinement, we need the exact same traces to ensure inclusion in the  $H$

# Example: Robust Hypersafety Preservation

$PFRHSP : \forall P. \forall \mathcal{C}. \forall \{m\}.$

$\{m\} \leq \text{Behav}(\mathcal{C}[\llbracket P \rrbracket]) \Rightarrow \exists \mathcal{C}. \{m\} \leq \text{Behav}(\mathcal{C}[P])$



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Where  $\leq$  means *all* prefixes of  $\{m\}$  are extended by the behaviour of the (compiled) program

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- Subset-closed HP: set of traces closed under subsetting

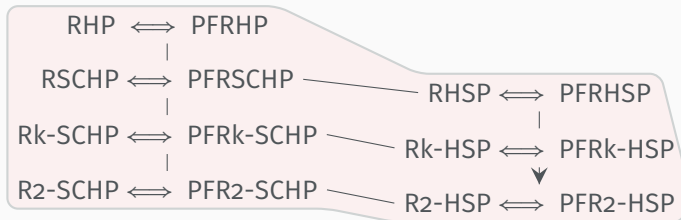
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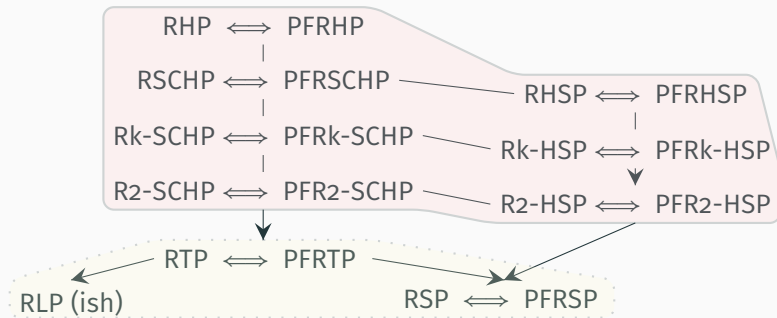
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- K-, 2- Subset-closed HP: as before, curtail set cardinality to  $k, 2$
- Hyperliveness: not present: RHP collapses with RHP

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- FAC is only **relational**
- both are **robust**
- FAC is only **as precise as** the equivalence
- RC **do not** preserve abstractions beyond the related security (hyper)property

# Proving RC

*PF RTP* :  $\forall P. \forall \mathcal{C}. \forall t.$

$$\mathcal{C}[\llbracket P \rrbracket] \rightsquigarrow t \Rightarrow \exists \mathcal{C}. \mathcal{C}[P] \rightsquigarrow t$$

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Recall  $\Rightarrow$  for FAC (contrapositive):

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Recall  $\Rightarrow$  for FAC (contrapositive):

$\forall P_1, P_2$

$$\exists \mathcal{C}. \mathcal{C}[[P_1]] \uparrow \not\Leftarrow \mathcal{C}[[P_2]] \Rightarrow \exists \mathcal{C}. \mathcal{C}[P_1] \uparrow \not\Leftarrow \mathcal{C}[P_2] \uparrow$$

# Proving RC

## Backtranslation!

- generate a  $\mathcal{E}$  starting from what we have

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{E}.$

$P_2] \uparrow$



# Proving RC

## Backtranslation!

- generate a  $\mathcal{E}$  starting from what we have
- $\mathcal{E}, t$  for PF RTP

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Proving RC

## Backtranslation!

- generate a  $\mathcal{E}$  starting from what we have
- $\mathcal{E}, t$  for PFRTTP
- $\mathcal{E}, m$  for PFRSP

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Proving RC

## Backtranslation!

- generate a  $\mathcal{E}$  starting from what we have
- $\mathcal{E}, t$  for PFRTTP
- $\mathcal{E}, m$  for PFRSP
- $\mathcal{E}$ , **only!!** for PFRHP

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{E}. \mathcal{E}$

$P_2] \uparrow$

## Backtranslation!

- generate a  $\mathcal{C}$  starting from what we have
- $\mathcal{C}, t$  for PFRTTP
- $\mathcal{C}, m$  for PFRSP
- $\mathcal{C}, \text{only!!}$  for PFRHP
- $\mathcal{C}, \{m\}$  for PFRHSP

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Proving RC

- $m/\{m\}$  yields **trace-based BT**

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists e.e$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Proving RC

- $m/\{m\}$  yields trace-based BT
- $t$  is infinite,  $\epsilon$  is finite, so only use  $\epsilon$  there

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \epsilon. \epsilon$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Proving RC

- $m/\{m\}$  yields trace-based BT
- $t$  is infinite,  $\mathcal{C}$  is finite, so only use  $\mathcal{C}$  there
- $\mathcal{C}$  yields context-based BT

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{C}.$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Proving RC

- $m/\{m\}$  yields trace-based BT
- $t$  is infinite,  $\mathcal{C}$  is finite, so only use  $\mathcal{C}$  there
- $\mathcal{C}$  yields context-based BT
  - can be precise BT

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{C}.$

$P_2] \uparrow$



# Proving RC

- $m/\{m\}$  yields **trace-based BT**
- $t$  is **infinite**,  $\mathcal{C}$  is **finite**, so only use  $\mathcal{C}$  there
- $\mathcal{C}$  yields **context-based BT**
  - can be **precise BT**
  - or **approximate BT** (intuitively analogous to trace-based BT)

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{C}. \mathcal{C}$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Proving RC

- $m/\{m\}$  yields **trace-based BT**
- $t$  is **infinite**,  $\mathcal{C}$  is **finite**, so only use  $\mathcal{C}$  there
- $\mathcal{C}$  yields **context-based BT**
  - can be **precise BT**
  - or **approximate BT** (intuitively analogous to trace-based BT)
- **BT is not** the inverse of compilation

Recall

$\forall P_1,$

$\exists \mathcal{C}.\mathcal{C}$

$P_2] \uparrow$

# Conclusion

We have seen:

- Properties and Hyperproperties: to formalise a program having a security property
- Robust compilation criteria, which preserve classes of (hyper)properties
- Backtranslation-equivalent Robust compilation criteria

# Suggested Reading

- Approximate CBT: will be presented in *Fully-Abstract Compilation by Approximate Back-Translation*
- Precise CBT: will be presented in *Fully Abstract Compilation via Universal Embedding*
- RC: Abate *et al.*. *Journey Beyond Full Abstraction* (formerly: *Exploring Robust Property Preservation for Secure Compilation*)