Problem Set 11

This problem set is due on Friday Apr 30, by 4:00pm.

Use the CS172 drop box.

Write your name and your student ID number on your solution. Write legibly. The description of your proofs should be as *clear* as possible (which does not mean *long* – in fact, typically, good clear explanations are also short.) Be sure to be familiar with the collaboration policy, and read the overview in the class homepage www.cs.berkeley.edu/~luca/cs172.

(This version was posted on 4/26/04.)

1. Define

$$A_{\mathsf{LBA}} = \{ \langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ is a linear bounded automaton (LBA)}$$
 with tape alphabet of size four that accepts $w \}$

(Refer to Sipser page 177 for the definition of a LBA; it is essentially a Turing machine that uses linear space.)

- (a) Prove that A_{LBA} is **PSPACE**-complete under logarithmic space reductions, and deduce that A_{LBA} is also **PSPACE**-complete under polynomial-time reductions.
- (b) Prove that $A_{\mathsf{LBA}} \notin \mathbf{NL}$.
- (c) Prove that $A_{\mathsf{LBA}} \in \mathbf{SPACE}(O(n))$.
- (d) Prove that $\mathbf{P} \neq \mathbf{SPACE}(O(n))$. [Note: do not try to prove $A_{\mathsf{LBA}} \not\in \mathbf{P}$, which is probably true but hopeless. Instead, assume $\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{SPACE}(O(n))$ and then, using the previous results and other things you know about \mathbf{P} , deduce a contradiction.]
- 2. Sipser 9.18. Correct the last two lines as in the Errata, so that it reads

$$pad(A,f(n)) = \{pad(s,f(n)) \mid s \in A, \text{ where } n \text{ is the length of } s \} .$$
 Prove that if $A \in \mathbf{TIME}(O(n^6))$ then $pad(A,n^2) \in \mathbf{TIME}(O(n^3))$.

3. Sipser 9.19. Define **EXPTIME** = **TIME** $(2^{n^{O(1)}})$ and **NEXPTIME** = **NTIME** $(2^{n^{O(1)}})$. Show that **EXPTIME** \neq **NEXPTIME** implies **P** \neq **NP**.